Penfield Flyers

Penfield April 2022 Newsletter

Dear Parents and Guardians,

Welcome back! I hope you had a great holiday and you and your children had a chance to relax and recharge for the home stretch! Please join us in welcoming Allison McKinnon back to Penfield who will be replacing Mrs. Luoma. We wish Mrs. Luoma all the best and thank her for her service to our Penfield community. We are looking forward to ending this year on a very positive note for everyone and continue to be grateful to be here at Penfield.

This is the point in the year where we continue to look towards next year and our student enrolment becomes very important. If moving away is a possibility in your future, please let us know. Similarly, if you are aware of new families moving into our area, or families with kindergarten age children who haven't registered yet, please ask them to give the school a call. The more accurate our count is, the more efficient we can be with our organizational tasks and best prepare for next September.

We have greatly appreciated your commitment to supporting our school with the additional Health and Safety Protocols implemented over the last 2 years. It has been encouraging to see so many students embrace what has been the most challenging of situations and we are now hopeful we are nearing the end of the pandemic.

Here are important updates for you:

Mask Mandate:

- A reminder that the mask mandate has been rescinded effective Monday, March 28, 2022. This applies to staff, students, and visitors.
- Please note there may be some staff and students who will still choose to continue to wear a mask. The school will continue to provide disposable masks to those who wish to wear them but we request that if at all possible, individuals provide their own masks.
- We will ensure those who choose to wear a mask as well as those who
 do not, will be treated with dignity and respect.

Health & Safety Protocols:

All other previously implemented protocols are still in place. This
includes:

♦Using hand sanitizers ♦Practicing physical distancing ♦Doing the daily health check and staying home if

In addition, please take time to complete the daily health check with your child (which is attached to this newsletter) everyday and if your child is sick, please keep them home and get them tested if required. Your cooperation with this is greatly appreciated.

Please take time to look at the school calendar attached to this newsletter to keep up with the many activities going on.

Warm Regards,

Hendrick Horsthuis and Kelly Gage



Penfield Teaching Staff

DIV01 Kelly Gage/Rachelle

Etheridge

DIV02 Allison McKinnon

DIV03 Julie Panziera

DIV04 Geoff Johnson

DIV05 Marlo Romagnoli

DIV06 Chelsea Badger/Sarah

Zumkeller

DIV07 Danica Farrell

DIV08 Candace Nixon/Sarah

Zumkeller

DIV09 Jen Sheiles

DIV10 Jody Tavares

DIV11 Juliet Stewart

DIV12 Jenny Allan

DIV13 Cindy Brown

Prep Ryan Haines

Music Lesley How

Library Jan Peachey

Penfield Support Staff

Cathy Harms - EA

Gayle Hartling - EA

Candice Masson - EA

Marcina Rodrigues - EA

Shelia Smith - EA

Karen Somerville - EA

Juli Winstanley - EA

Joanne Conall - Custodial

Alanna Stewart - Library Clerk

Tammy Lefebvre - Student Supervisor

Chaundelle Roth - Student Supervisor

Office Staff/Administration

Hendrick Horsthuis - Principal

Kelly Gage - Vice Principal

Kristi Munro - Admin Assistant



HAPPY BIRTHDAY

To the following Penfield students who have April birthdays

Ezra J	Ruari E	Kace O	Keira S	Rylan VG
Lorelai C	Grady H	Hans S	Benjamin S	Sophie M
Gavin P	Elijah T	Quincy C	Kaleb F	Donovan H
Katija I	Jaeden W	Alivia B	Everlea J	lvy W
Ayak D	Sophie E	Aliyah DM	Macavoy S	Kalli C

PENFIELD PAC NEWS

Next Virtual PAC Meeting

Tuesday, April 12th at 5:30pm. The meeting link will be posted in the Penfield PAC Facebook Group. You can email penfieldpac@gmail.com for further information

Purdy's Chocolate Fundraiser

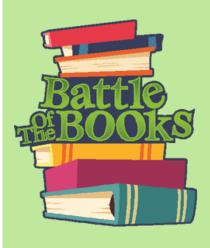
The PAC has advised that over \$1,000.00 was raised through the Purdy's Chocolate fundraiser. We thank you for all your support. These funds have a huge positive impact on the students and the school. A big thanks to our PAC for organizing the campaign and for continuously providing for our students.



LIBRARY NEWS

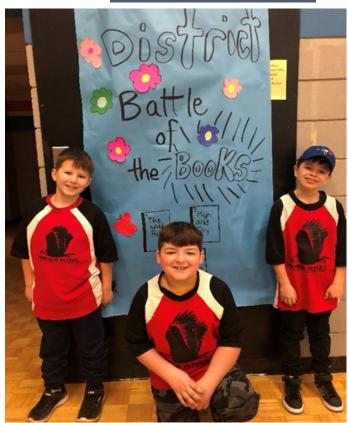
BATTLE OF THE BOOKS

BIG congratulations
to two of our
Penfield teams for
making it to the
District Battle of
the Books
competition.

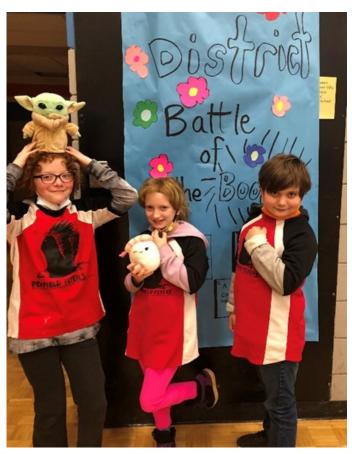


WE ARE VERY PROUD OF YOU





Jase, Mac, Jaxon: "The Bats"
GRADE 3 ZONE WINNERS



Gena, Halen, Keith: "The Wild Readers"
GRADE 4 ZONE WINNERS













Penfield Educational Assistants
OUR "DREAM TEAM"

YOU CAN'T SPELL TEAM WITHOUT "EA"









April 2022

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Fri
				1
4 Virtual Southgate presentation for grade 5's	5	6	7	8
11	12	13	14	15 Good Friday Schools Closed
18 Easter Monday Schools Closed	19	20	21	22
25	26	27	28	29



May 8 - Mother's Day May 23 - Victoria Day, Schools closed

Daily Health Check and What to Do When Sick

Daily Health Check

Everyone going into to school must complete a daily health check, including staff, visitors, and students. A daily health check means checking yourself or your child for new symptoms of illness, including symptoms of COVID-19.

Symptoms of illness (including COVID-19) include things like:

- Fever or chills
- Difficulty breathing
- Runny nose
- Headache
- Diarrhea

- Cough
- Sore throat
- Sneezing
- Body aches
- Loss of sense of smell or taste
- Loss of appetite
- Extreme fatigue or tiredness
- Nausea or vomiting

If you are sick or feel unwell, stay at home. This is important to stop the spread of illness, including COVID-19, in schools.

You can attend school if:

- Your symptoms are consistent with a previously diagnosed health condition (e.g., seasonal allergies), OR
- You have existing symptoms that have improved to where you feel well enough to return to regular activities,

AND you are not required to self-isolate, or your self-isolation period is over (based on a positive COVID-19 test result, if taken).

What to Do When Sick

If you have mild symptoms of COVID-19, you usually don't need a test. Mild symptoms are symptoms that can be managed at home. Most people don't need testing for COVID-19.

Stay home and away from others (as much as possible) until you feel well enough to return to your regular activities and you no longer have a fever. You should also avoid non-essential visits to higher risk settings such as long term care facilities and gatherings, for another 5 days after ending isolation.

If you have a Rapid Antigen Test at home, use it when you have symptoms. How long you should stay home depends on your test result. Find out more about <u>Rapid Antigen Test results</u>.

If you do not have symptoms of COVID-19, you do not need a test.

If you are unsure about your symptoms, you can use the <u>Self-Assessment Tool</u>, contact your health care provider or call 8-1-1.

Testing may be recommended for some people who may be more likely to get severe disease. See BCCDC for information on who testing is recommended for.

What to Do if Someone in Your Household is Sick

You can continue to attend school if someone in your household is sick and/or self-isolating as long as you do not have any symptoms of illness and feel well. This includes if they have tested positive for COVID-19.

Try to stay apart from the person in your household who is sick as much as possible.

Ensure you closely monitor yourself (or your child) for symptoms of illness and stay home if you develop symptoms of illness or feel unwell.

If You Test Positive for COVID-19

Your age and vaccination status determine how long you should self-isolate for if you test positive for COVID-19.

Age	Vaccination Status	Guidance
Under 18 years of age	Unvaccinated, partially	Self-isolate at home for 5 days
	vaccinated or fully vaccinated	AND until your symptoms
18 years of age or older	Fully vaccinated	improve and you no longer have
		a fever. Avoid non-essential visits
		to higher risk settings like long-
		term care facilities and
		gatherings for another 5 days
		after ending isolation.
	NOT fully vaccinated	Self-isolate at home for 10 days
		AND until your symptoms
		improve and you no longer have
		a fever.

Close contacts, who are usually others in your household, do not need to self-isolate (regardless of vaccination status), but should closely self-monitor for symptoms. BCCDC has more information for close contacts.

If you find it hard to breathe, have chest pain, can't drink anything, feel very sick, and/or feel confused, contact your health care provider right away or go to your local emergency department or call 9-1-1.

Summary: What to Do When Sick

If you have symptoms of illness, stay home.

Most people don't need testing for COVID-19. Use <u>BCCDC Self-Assessment Tool</u>, or connect with 8-1-1 or your health care provider to find out if a COVID-19 test is recommended.

Symptoms of COVID-19 include:

Fever or chills Difficulty breathing Body aches Sneezing Cough Sore throat Extreme fatigue or Nausea or Loss of sense of Loss of appetite tiredness vomiting smell or taste Runny nose Headache Diarrhea

Go to an emergency department or call 911 if you:

- Find it hard to breathe
- Have chest pain
- Can't drink anything
- Feel very sick
- Feel confused

If you have MILD SYMPTOMS

(or have tested negative) STAY HOME.

For most people, testing is not recommended.

Mild symptoms can be managed at home.

If you TEST POSITIVE: SELF ISOLATE

- Complete an online form to report your test result
- 2. Manage your own symptoms
- 3. Let your household contacts know

Return to School/Work

Stay home until you feel well enough to return to your regular activities.

If you are fully vaccinated OR less than 18 years of age

You can end isolation and return to school/work when all conditions are met:

- At least 5 days have passed since your symptoms started, or from test date if you did not have symptoms.
- Fever has resolved without the use of feverreducing medication, such as acetaminophen or ibuprofen.
- 3. Symptoms have improved

You should avoid non-essential visits to higher risk settings such as long-term care facilities and gatherings for another 5 days after ending isolation.

If you are 18 years of age or older AND not fully vaccinated

You can end isolation and return to school/work when all conditions are met:

- At least 10 days have passed since your symptoms started, or from test date if you did not have symptoms.
- Fever has resolved without the use of fever-reducing medication, such as acetaminophen or ibuprofen.
- 3. Symptoms have improved.

If you still have symptoms

Continue to isolate longer if you still have a fever or are not feeling better.

If you are unsure or concerned connect with your health care provider or call 8-1-1.

What to do if someone is sick in your household:

You can continue to attend school if someone in your household is sick and/or self-isolating as long as you do not have any symptoms of illness and feel well. This includes if they have tested positive for COVID-19. Ensure you closely monitor yourself (or your child) for symptoms of illness and stay home if you feel unwell. The best way to protect yourself and your family from COVID-19 is to get vaccinated. Vaccines are available for anyone ages 5 and up. Register now at:

Getvaccinated.gov.bc.ca



THE ROUTE TO SCHOOL SHOULD ALWAYS START WITH SAFETY

Island Health recognizes the importance of daily physical activity. Are your children getting 60 minutes of physical activity a day?

"Together, we can make active travel, like walking, cycling, or taking transit, part of our school routine - for the good of our physical and mental health and our communities."

~ Dr. Murray Fyfe, Medical Health Officer, Island Health

Active travel to school has many benefits including the development of physical literacy. It's a great way for family and friends to connect meaningfully during travel time, and to form new habits of becoming active and spending more time outdoors. It's also a great time to teach your children an important skill that we often take for granted... *road sense*. Remember to teach age-appropriate rules of the road.

Here are a few tips to make sure the commute to school is safe:

- ♦ Look. Ask your children to make eye contact with drivers before crossing the street, and reinforce the importance of looking in both directions before crossing the street.
- ♦ Listen. Put away electronics, and remind your children to be alert, especially when crossing streets.
- Be seen. Wear bright clothes and reflective gear, especially at night and in poor weather.

Parents can map-out safe routes to school. Contact your children's school, as there may already be a list or map of popular routes. For parents who are concerned about their children walking alone, connect with neighbours or classmates – there is always safety in numbers.

Less children being driven to school = less traffic and safer roads. It's a WIN WIN.

For more ideas and information:

Your local <u>Public Health Unit</u>
<u>Bicycle Safety</u> (CAA)
<u>Road safety for your kids</u> (ICBC)
Active School Travel Planning (CRD)



WHAT ARE THE ELEMENTS OF PHYSICAL LITERACY?

Physical literacy is when kids have developed the skills, confidence, and love of movement to be physically active for life.

What are the elements of physical literacy?

- *Motivation and Confidence:* A person, who enjoys, is keen and feels confident to make physical activity an important part of life. For example, a child who wants to join the school soccer team.
- Physical Competence: A person who can learn the movement skills and patterns, and the ability to have different movement intensity and duration. For example, a child needs to learn how to catch before they can enjoy playing softball.
- Knowledge and Understanding: A person who knows and can describe the important qualities that affect movement, the health benefits and the safety features of being physically active in many settings and environments. For example, a child who learns how to swim safely at the local river.
- Engagement in Physical Activities for Life: A person who takes responsibility to be active on a regular basis and makes it a priority in their life. For example, children who walk to school.

"Together, we can make active travel, like walking, cycling, or taking transit, part of our school routine – for the good of our physical and mental health and our communities."

~ Dr. Murray Fyfe, Medical Health Officer, Island Health

"Physical literacy is the motivation, confidence, physical competence, knowledge and understanding to value and take responsibility for engagement in physical activities for life."

~ The International Physical Literacy Association, May 2014
Canada's Physical Literacy Consensus Statement June 2015

For more information:

Your local <u>Public Health Unit</u>
Your local Parks and Recreation
<u>Sport for Life</u>
<u>Active for Life</u>
<u>Physical Literacy</u>
<u>Appetite to Play</u>
<u>Healthy Schools BC</u>

2018 ParticipACTION Report Card: The Brain + Body Equation (video)

island health

SPRING INTO SPRING

Island Health recognizes the importance of daily physical activity. Are your children getting 60 minutes of physical activity a day?

"Together, we can make active travel, like walking, cycling, or taking transit, part of our school routine - for the good of our physical and mental health and our communities."

~ Dr. Murray Fyfe, Medical Health Officer, Island Health

Spring is a great time to think about walking or wheeling to school. What a wonderful way to enjoy the smells and sights of spring!

- Active travel to and from school helps children and youth meet the goal of at least 60 minutes per day of moderate to vigorous physical activity. It also helps build life-long healthy habits.
- It's a great time to think about forming new habits. Only 9% of Canadian kids aged 5 to 17 get the 60 minutes of heart-pumping activity they need each day (2016 ParticipACTION Report Card).
- Talk with parents about getting kids walking and cycling together.
- For younger children, physical literacy skills such as balancing, hopping and jumping can be developed on the walk to school.

For more ideas and information:

Your local <u>Public Health Unit</u>
<u>Canadian 24-Hour Movement Guidelines for Children and Youth</u> (Canadian Society for Exercise Physiology)

